Exposed rock slopes formed at shallower inclinations (typically 60°) with face left irregular with declivities to promote re-vegetation and provide a naturalistic appearance.

Footprint of quarry should be optimised to avoid areas of deeper peat.

In-situ rock slope formed at stable inclinations to suit local rock conditions.

Geogrid placed to strengthen surface of placed peat, as required.

Localised deepening of quarry floor to suit extraction operations, as required.

The location of the rock buttresses shown for the borrow areas are indicative only and may change subject to local conditions encountered on site during construction.

The method of excavation of the rock and depth to top of rock within each of the borrow areas will need to be determined from a ground investigation. The ground investigation shall comprise rotary core drilling with associated engineering logging including rock quality designation and strength testing, as required.

Further guidelines on the construction of the borrow areas is included within Section 7.4 of the Peat Management Plan.